### 21.50.120 SIGNAGE MODULE

### 21.50.120.0IO PURPOSES

This chapter provides a comprehensive system for the regulation of signs, to serve the following purposes:
A. To allow adequate opportunity for the exercise of free speech by the display of a message or an image on a sign, while balancing that opportunity against the community and public interests affected by signs;
B. To protect the health, safety, and general welfare of the City and its residents and to execute the policies of the City's Comprehensive Plan;
C. To enhance the aesthetic value of the city's landscape by reducing visual clutter that is potentially harmful to property values and economic development;
D. To protect adjacent and nearby properties from the impact of excessive or inappropriate signage;
E. To protect the safety and efficiency of the city's transportation network by reducing confusion and distractions to pedestrians and motorists while enhancing motorists' ability to see pedestrians, obstacles, other vehicles, and traffic signs; and
F. To preserve, protect and enhance areas of designated historical, architectural and scenic value.
21.50.I20.020 APPLICABILITY
A. The regulations of Title 20.18 shall be applicable for issues not addressed by this chapter.
B. This chapter shall apply to all areas of the city classified as SmartCode Zone.

### 21.50.120.030 FINDINGS

In adopting this chapter, El Paso City Council makes the following findings:
A. That the excessive number, size and height of signs, both off-premise and on-premise, is unduly distracting and confusing to motorists and pedestrians, creates traffic hazards, and reduces the effectiveness of signs needed to direct the public;
B. That the appearance of the city, particularly that of its residential and light commercial districts, is marred by excessive signs;
C. That the aforementioned effects detract from the pleasure, safety and economic well-being of the community, and that the number of distracting signs ought to be reduced in order to lessen the detrimental effects; and
D. That the use of signs in the exercise of First Amendment freedoms must be balanced against the community, neighborhood, and social impacts of such signs.
E. That the regulations contained in this chapter are the minimum amount of regulation necessary to achieve its purposes.

## 2I.50.I20.040 NONCONFORMING SIGNS

A. The provisions of Title 20.22 .090 shall be applicable.

## 2I.50.I20.050 PROHIBITED SIGNS

A. Except as herein modified, the provisions of Title 20.18.140 (Prohibited signs), shall apply.
B. In addition, the following signs are prohibited:
I. Sign walkers.
2. Temporary signs, except as specifically allowed in section 2I.50.I20.I20.
3. Signage with internal lighting except as otherwise provided for herein.
4. Signage with animated illumination, except as provide for herein.
5. Off-premise signs, except as provided herein.
6. Signs that emit audible sound, odor, or matter.
7. Inflatable advertising devices.
8. Temporary active motion inflatables.
9. Temporary inflatable signs.

### 21.50.I20.060 EXEMPT SIGNS

A. Message substitution. A noncommercial message which is within the protection of the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution may be substituted, in whole or in part, for any message on any sign authorized by this chapter. Message substitution is a continuing right which may be exercised any number of times. No permit is required for such message substitution, unless there is a change in the physical structure of the sign displaying the message. This provision does not authorize the substitution of an offsite commercial message in place of an onsite commercial message.
B. Noncommercial messages. In addition to the noncommercial messages which may be displayed by message substitution, any noncommercial message within the protection of the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution may be displayed on any parcel and at any time, subject to the following:
I. No greater than 36 square feet in area.
2. No more than eight feet in height.
3. No illumination or moving elements.
4. Not prohibited by Section 2I.50.I20.050.
5. Permit required only when the sign qualifies as a "structure" under the building code.
C. Signs that do not exceed four square feet in surface area are exempt from the provisions of this title, provided that this size limitation shall not apply to signs providing directions, warnings, or information when established and maintained by a public agency.

### 21.50.I20.070 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. The following standards are applicable to all signs, regardless of Hardware Type or Orientation, unless specifically exempted.
I. All signs shall be constructed of non-reflective materials.
2. Building-mounted signs shall be compatible in size, shape, character, and quality of design with the exterior architecture of the premises and other structures in the immediate area.
3. GROUND LEVEL SIGNS: Any sign with any portion of sign hardware encroaching into the lowest 14 feet of a building face shall be designated a Ground Level sign, and subject to the requirements thereof. Total area of signs associated with uses occupying the ground level of a building shall not exceed 50 percent of the ground level building façade associated with the signage; provided that no single sign shall exceed an area of 48 square feet. This restriction shall not apply to Auxiliary signs, Incidental signs, Alternative hardware signs, or Mural, or Sidewalk oriented signs.
4. UPPER LEVEL SIGNS: Total area of signs associated with uses occupying upper levels of a building shall not exceed 10 percent of the associated façade. These restrictions shall not apply to Mural or Roof oriented signs.
5. Signage shall be permitted on all building faces.
6. Illuminated signs shall conform to the regulations of Section I8.I8 of the El Paso City Code.
7. Signs shall be placed with consideration for existing and future growth of trees and other landscaping.
8. The design, illumination, and location of a sign shall not impair the visibility or the design quality of existing, conforming signs, adjacent buidings, or adjacent uses.
9. No sign shall encroach on the vision clearance triangle.

IO. No sign shall block any required accessway. No sign or sign structure shall be erected in such a manner that any portion of its surface or supports will interfere in any way with the free use of any fire escape, exit, or standpipe.
II. No sign shall obstruct any window in a manner that violates the applicable requirements of the International Building Code.
12. Directional signs shall not count toward the total allowable area of signs associated with a use on the same property. Directional signs shall comply with all other applicable standards in this section, and
all applicable Sign Orientation Type standards. No more than one Directional sign shall be permitted per lot.

## 2I.50.I20.080 ALTERNATIVE SIGN HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

A. Signs that do not conform to any of the sign hardware types defined in this title, but nevertheless meet the design standards, intent, and purposes of SmartCode, as described in Section 21.10.30 and Section 21.50.120.010, may utilize the Alternative sign hardware type.
B. Other requirements.
I. Signs permitted under this section shall conform to the prohibitions defined in Section 21.50.120.050.
2. Except as herein exempted, signs permitted under this section shall conform with the general sign requirements defined in Section 21.50.120.070.
3. No more than two signs utilizing the Alternative hardware type shall be permitted on any parcel.

## 2I.50.I20.090 PERMIT REQUIRED

A. A sign permit is required for any sign proposed for installation at the premises of a business, except the following signs are exempt from this requirement:
I. Exempt signs as listed in 21.50 .I 20.060, Exempt Signs.
2. Auxiliary signs
3. Incidental signs
B. It shall be unlawful for any person to construct, install, place, relocate, maintain, attach, or modify the dimensions or illumination characteristics of any sign without a vaild sign permit. All signs must be constructed, installed, placed, relocated, maintained, modified, or attached in compliance with the terms and conditions of the applicable sign permit.
C. Sign contractor. No permanent sign requiring a sign permit shall be installed, constructed, relocated, modified or expanded, except by a licensed sign contractor.
D. Sign permit issuance and inspection. No sign permit shall be issued unless a complete application and sign permit fee has been submitted to the City, and the proposed sign or signs comply with this Title and all other applicable city codes, ordinances, and regulations.
E. As a condition of the issuance of the sign permit, the City Manager or designee shall have the authority to inspect any sign for compliance with its sign permit, this article, and other applicable city codes, ordinances, and regulations.
F. Expiration. A sign permit shall expire if:
I. The sign has not been completely constructed, installed, placed, changed, relocated, or attached within 180 days of the date of issuance of the sign permit; or,
2. The sign is removed or abandoned.
G. Denial or revocation. The City Manager or designee may deny or revoke a sign permit for any of the following reasons:
I. Failure to submit a complete application and/or the sign permit fee;
2. Fraud, misrepresentation, or a false statement in the sign application;
3. Failure to permit the City access to the sign to inspect for compliance with this Title, the sign permit or applicable city codes, ordinances, and regulations; or,
4. Failure of the sign to comply with this article, the sign permit, or applicable city codes, ordinances, and regulations.
H. Sign permit fee refund. The sign permit fee shall not be refunded if a sign permit expires, is denied or revoked.
21.50.120.100 APPEALS
A. All sign permit applications shall be initially reviewed by the director. When the director issues a decision on a sign permit application, the applicant or any concerned person may appeal to the zoning board of adjust-
ment under the provisions of 2.16 .040 of the El Paso City Code. The appeal shall be processed under the same procedures specified for appeals to the Zoning Board of Adjustment. The Zoning Board of Adjustment shall hold a duly noticed public hearing thereon, and issue a written decision thereon, within 30 business days. Failure of the Board to render a decision within the time specified hereunder shall deem the appeal denied. The written decision shall make findings and state reasons, supported by evidence in the record, for the decision. In determining the appeal, the Zoning Board of Adjustment shall not consider message content or graphical design of the sign, unless the message or image has no protection under the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution.
21.50.120.1I0 REMOVAL OF SIGNS
A. After inspection by the Building Official, the following signs may be subject to removal by the City, in accordance with the procedure enumerated herein; however, the city may at any time under its police powers immediately remove signs which constitute an immediate danger to persons or property without going through the procedures identified herein:
I. Signs or their supporting structures which appear to the building official to have become abandoned, neglected or made unattractive by missing letters, panels, lights, faded or peeling paint or graffiti;
2. Any sign which constitutes a hazard to safety, health or public welfare by reason of inadequate maintenance or dilapidation;
3. Any sign erected without permit that cannot be registered under the provisions in this chapter.
B. Procedure. Except as provided herein, prior to the removal of a sign by the city, the building official shall follow the following procedure:
I. The building official shall inform the permit holder, if a permit has been issued; if no permit has been issued, the building official shall send a written notice, via certified mail, to the owner, if the owner is known, by mailing a written notice to the last known address of the owner, or lessee of the sign if that person is identified on the sign or is otherwise known to the building official, to remove such sign and structure or to cure the defect resulting from its neglect within a period of ten days after receipt of notification of violation of this chapter.
2. If the permit holder, owner, or lessee is unknown or cannot be reached, the building official shall publish a legal notice identifying the sign, its location and the corrective action required. The legal notice shall be given by any contemporary means of information sharing, including, but not limited to, publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the city and placement on the city's official website.
3. If no response is received by the building official within ten working days from the date of receipt of notification, or five working days after the date of publication, the building official shall refer the case to the building and standards commission and the case shall be processed under the procedures of Chapter 2.38 of the El Paso City Code.
C. An on-premise sign shall be removed in compliance with the Local Government Code Title 7 Subtitle A. Sec. 216.003.

### 21.50.120.120 TEMPORARY SIGN STANDARDS

A. A temporary sign shall utilize the Banner, Stake, or Standing sign hardware types exclusively.
B. A maximum of two temporary signs may be permitted on a property simultaneously.
C. A sign permit is not required.
D. Temporary signs may not be illuminated.
E. Off-premise signs are not permitted.
G. Temporary signs must comply with the provisions of this chapter.

### 21.50.I20.130 SIGN MEASUREMENT

A. Computation of Sign Area. Formulas for calculating sign area in the shape of a rectangle, square, triangle, el-
lipse, circle or similar common geometric shapes shall use commonly accepted mathematical methods. Signs of other shapes shall be measured using the standards herein.
B. Measure of the Area of a Sign.
I. Banner, Cabinet, Plaque, Programmable, Projected, Stake and Standing sign hardware types.
a. The area of a sign shall be determined on the basis of the outer dimensions of the frame or cabinet surrounding the sign face(s).
b. The area and dimensions of the sign shall encompass a regular geometric shape (rectangle, circle, trapezoid, triangle, etc.), or a combination of regular geometric shapes, which form, or approximate, the perimeter of all elements in the display, and any applied background that is not part of the architecture of the building or structure.
c. When separate elements are organized to form a single message, but are separated by open space, the sign area and dimensions shall be calculated by determining the geometric form, or combination of forms, which encompass all of the display areas, including the space between different elements.
d. For signs with mixed case lettering, a rectangle shall be drawn around either the upper-case or lower-case letters, but not both.
e. For signs utilizing the Monument orientation type, the area of a sign shall be calculated to exclude the base of the structure on which the sign is mounted or within which the sign is integrated.
2. Painted and Printed sign hardware types.
a. The sign area shall be determined by the regular geometric shape (rectangle, circle, trapezoid, triangle, etc.), or a combination of regular geometric shapes that encompass the perimeter of the sign display or message and all portions of a background surface that differentiate the message display area from the overall monument structure.
3. Three-dimensional signs.
a. The sign face area shall be determined on the basis of the maximum surface area visible from any one perspective.
4. Double-faced signs.
a. When two identical sign faces are placed back-to-back so that both faces cannot be viewed from any single perspective at the same time, and are part of the same sign structure, the sign area shall be computed by measurement of one of the two faces.
b. When a sign has more than two display surfaces, the area of the sign shall be the area of the largest of the display surfaces that are visible from any single perspective.
c. When a double-faced sign has non-parallel faces, such that the angle between the faces exceeds 24 degrees, the sign area shall be calculated as the total of both sign faces.

### 21.50.120.140 DEFINITIONS

This section provides definitions for terms in this chapter exclusively. If a term is not defined in this chapter, the definitions and terms in Title 20 will govern.
"Alternative Sign" means a sign that does not conform to any of the sign Hardware types defined in this section, but nevertheless meets the design standards and intent of the SmartCode, as defined in Section 21.50.120.080. "Auxiliary Sign" means a sign with no commercial advertising, except for the name or logo of the business or establishment, that pertains to the safe and efficient movement of pedestrians and vehicular traffic into or out of a building or premises and that has a directional purpose secondary to the use of the lot on which it is located, such as "no parking," "entrance," "loading only," "telephone," "emergency entrance," and other similar directives.
"Awning" means a roof-like sidewalk cover that is permanently mounted on a building face. An awning provides pedestrians with shade and protection from inclement weather. An awning may be of rigid or non-rigid con-
struction, and may be retractable or non-retractable.
"Awning (Orientation Type)" means an orientation type in which sign hardware is placed atop or upon an awning, canopy, or sidewalk arcade above a storefront. Signage can be printed directly onto a fabric awning, or, if the awning is of a rigid construction, a sign may be mounted upon it.
"Banner (Hardware Type)" means a sign hardware type in which sign copy is printed onto a flexible material and fastened to a building or pole.
"Blade (Orientation Type)" means an orientation type in which sign hardware is mounted perpendicular to, and is fully supported by, a building face.
"Cabinet (Hardware Type)" means a sign hardware type composed of a molded box with all elements of sign copy permanently molded into the physical structure of the sign.
"Directional Sign" means a sign placed on private property that guides the traveling public to a use or assortment of uses located on a property or properties, such as a sign displaying the name of a shopping center, apartment complex, or residential development.
"External Illumination" means the illumination of a surface of a sign from an external source of light intentionally directed upon the sign. Also known as "indirectly illuminated sign."
"Ground Level Sign" means any sign mounted on the ground or on any portion of the first floor of a building.
"Halo Lighting" means a sign illumination method utilizing diffuse light from sources placed behind opaque sign copy. The source of light is not visible from the public right-of-way.
"Hanging (Orientation Type)" means a sign orientation type in which sign hardware is attached to and located below any permanent eave, roof, awning, or bracket.
"Incidental Sign" means a sign, emblem, or decal the content of which is designed to inform the public of goods, facilities, or services available on the premises, and may include, but shall not be limited to, signs with the following types of content:
I. Hours of business operation
2. "Open" or "Closed" signs
3. Logos of credit cards accepted by a business
4. Property ownership or management information
"Individual Exposed Bulb" means a sign illumination method utilizing individual light bulbs to highlight certain aspects of sign copy. The source of illumination is visible from the public right-of-way.
"Inflatable Advertising Device" means a device which is inflated with air or another gas, or which is activated by wind, air, or propelled gas, and used for outdoor advertising purposes.
"Marquee" means a cantilevered roof-like structure that overhangs the sidewalk in front of a building entrance and has a face parallel to the building face.
"Marquee (Orientation Type)" means an orientation type in which sign hardware is mounted upon a marquee.
"Monument (Orientation Type)" means an orientation type in which sign hardware sits on a dedicated wall or pedestal in front of a building. A sign utilizing this orientation type may have multiple faces with sign copy.
"Mural (Orientation Type)" means an orientation type in which sign copy is painted directly upon a building face, typically along a side street or alley. This definition does not apply to a Mural that is installed for artistic or aesthetic purposes, unless said Mural contains elements that advertise an existing business on the adjoining parcel.
"Neon Tube" means a sign illumination method utilizing sculpted neon tubes to highlight certain aspects of sign copy. The source of light is visible from the public right-of-way.
"Plaque (Hardware Type)" means a sign hardware type that features copy that is carved, molded, painted or affixed to a framing surface. A Plaque appears from the public right-of-way as one contiguous piece of sign hardware.
"Programmable (Hardware Type)" means a sign hardware type that features an area for changeable copy. Programmable signs include programmable digital displays, video boards, track letter signs and bulletin boards.

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"Projecting (Hardware Type)" means a sign hardware type with copy that projects in a three-dimensional manner. Channel letters are considered a Projecting hardware type.
"Roof (Orientation Type)" means an orientation type in which a sign is erected upon, over, or above the roof of a building.
"Sandwich Board (Hardware Type)" means a sign hardware type consisting of a freestanding A-Frame design that may be placed on a sidewalk to attract pedestrians to a business. Sandwich Board sign hardware is portable and freestanding.
"Sidewalk (Orientation Type)" means an orientation type in which sign hardware that is freestanding and portable is placed on a sidewalk to attract pedestrians to a business.
"Sign" means any outdoor display surface, structure, banner, pennant, inflatable and/or airborne device, whether mounted on land, air, or water, which is visible from any portion of the public right-of-way to vehicular or pedestrian traffic, a principal purpose of which is to attract attention to a communicative visual or graphic image. The term "sign" is inclusive of both on- and off-premise signs, including billboards, and any moving part, lighting, sound equipment, framework, background material, structural support, or other part thereof. A display, device or thing need not contain lettering to be a sign. Notwithstanding the generality of the foregoing, the following are not within this definition:
I. Overhead signs or banners towed behind aircraft.
2. Architectural features. Decorative or architectural features of buildings (not including lettering, trademarks or moving parts), which do not perform a communicative function.
3. Fireworks.
4. Foundation stones and cornerstones which are permanent in nature and incapable or not intended for modification once installed.
5. Grave markers, grave stones, headstones, mausoleums, shrines, and other markers of the deceased.
6. Holiday and cultural observance decorations on private residential property which are on display for not more than 45 calendar days per year (cumulative, per parcel or use or dwelling unit).
7. Inflatable games and gymnasiums. Inflatable, temporary, moveable, gymnasium devices commonly used for children's birthday parties, and similar devices. Also called "bounce houses."
8. Manufacturers' marks. Marks on tangible products, which identify the maker, seller, provider or product, and which customarily remain attached to the product even after sale.
9. Mass transit graphics. Graphic images mounted on duly licensed and authorized mass transit vehicles that legally pass through the City.
10. Merchandise on public display and presently available for purchase on-site.
II. News racks and newsstands.
12. Personal appearance. Items or devices of personal apparel, decoration or appearance, including tattoos, makeup, wigs, costumes, masks, etc. (but not including commercial mascots or hand-held signs or appliances worn for the principal purpose of holding a sign).
13. Search lights and klieg lights when used as part of a search and rescue or other emergency service operations; this exclusion does not apply to search lights or klieg lights used as attention attracting devices for commercial or special events.
14. Shopping carts, golf carts, horse drawn carriages, and similar devices; any motorized or self-propelled vehicle which may be legally operated upon a public road is not within this exclusion.
15. Symbols of non-commercial organizations or concepts including, but not limited to, religious or political symbols, when such are permanently integrated into the structure of a permanent building which is otherwise legal; by way of example and not limitation, such symbols include stained glass windows on churches, carved or bas relief doors or walls, bells, religious statuary, et cetera.
16. Vehicle and vessel insignia on street legal vehicles and properly licensed watercraft or aircraft: license places, license plate frames, registration insignia, non-commercial messages, messages relating to the establishment of which the vehicle or vessel is an instrument or tool (not including general advertis-
ing) and messages relating to the proposed sale, lease or exchange of the vehicle or vessel.
17. Vending machines, product dispensing devices and automated product intake devices which do not display offsite commercial messages or general advertising messages; by way of example and not limitation,"automated product intake devices" means machines which accept recycle materials, or "book return" slots at libraries, or "leave your clothes here" boxes at laundry places.
18. Window displays. The display of merchandise in a store window and offered for sale.
19. Incidental signs.
"Sign Hardware Type" means the classification of a sign based on the physical construction or method of manufacture of the sign. All signs permitted by this code shall conform to one of the sign hardware types described in Section 21.80, Table 2A.
"Sign Illumination Type" means the classification of a sign based on how it is lit. All signs permitted by this code shall conform to one of the sign illumination types described in Section 21.80, Table 2D, or shall not be illuminated.
"Sign Orientation Type" means the classification of a sign based on its location on a parcel. All signs permitted by this code shall conform to one of the sign orientation types described in section 21.80, Table 2D.
"Sign Walker" means an individual employed or otherwise induced to carry a sign promoting a particular business.
"Suspended (Orientation Type)" means an orientation type in which sign hardware is fastened to buildings and/ or permanent poles on either end, and suspended across a span.
"Stake (Hardware Type)" means a sign hardware type that is planted in a front yard. Signs utilizing the Stake hardware type are portable, freestanding, and impermanent by design.
"Storefront" means the width of a building frontage that contains a single business establishment. A business establishment may have more than one storefront; for example, a corner store with an entrance on both building faces.
"Standing (Hardware Type)" means a sign hardware type that may be placed on a sidewalk to attract passers-by to a business. Standing sign hardware is freestanding and portable.
"Temporary Active Motion Inflatable" means a temporary type of inflatable sign utilizing wind baffles and fabric combined with a vortex of air created by a mechanical air system to allow the inflatable to dance and move. Such devices are also known as "aircrows," "wind dancers" and "air dancers."
"Temporary Inflatable Sign" means an inflatable advertising device greater than two cubic feet in volume, used for advertising purposes.
"Temporary Sign" means a sign which, by virtue of its construction from lightweight or flimsy materials, and construction or installation by hand or with ordinary hand tools, is not suitable for long term display.
"Upper Level Sign" means any sign mounted on the second floor of a building or above.
"Vision Clearance Triangle" means an area formed by two intersecting property lines and a third line joining the property lines at points twenty feet from their intersection.
"Wall (Orientation Type)" means an orientation type in which sign hardware is permanently affixed upon a building face, masonry wall, fence or gate, or individual cut letters are applied directly to a building face.
"Window (Orientation Type)" means an orientation type in which sign hardware is mounted, or otherwise placed immediately behind a windowpane, or sign copy is painted, or permanently affixed, to a windowpane, and is visible from the public right-of-way.
"Yard (Orientation Type)" means an orientation type in which freestanding sign hardware is mounted to one or more poles or posts anchored to the ground, and is located in the front of a building.

## TABLE 2A: SIGN HARDWARETYPE OVERVIEW*

*The photographs and renderings depicted herein are for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to be regulatory in nature.


Banner: A Banner is any type of sign copy placed on a flexible material other than an awning.

Sign Style Permitted
Sign Style Not Permitted

| Awning | Roof |
| :---: | :---: |
| Blade | Sidewalk |
| Hanging | Suspended |
| Marquee | Wall |
| Monument | Window |
| Mural | Yard |

Cabinet: Copy on a Cabinet is fabricated into the box, so that the hardware of the sign and copy appear to be one piece. Cabinet signs may not be internally illuminated.

| Awning | Roof |
| :---: | :---: |
| Blade | Sidewalk |
| Hanging | Suspended |
| Marquee | Wall |
| Monument | Window |
| Mural | Yard |

Painted: Sign copy may be painted directly onto the face of a building, awning or business window.

| Awning | Roof |
| :---: | :---: |
| Blade | Sidewalk |
| Hanging | Suspended |
| Marquee | Wall |
| Monument | Window |
| Mural | Yard |

Plaque: A Plaque consists of copy that is carved, molded, or printed onto a framing surface. A Plaque appears from the public right-of-way as one contiguous piece of hardware.

| Awning | Roof |
| :---: | :---: |
| Blade | Sidewalk |
| Hanging | Suspended |
| Marquee | Wall |
| Monument | Window |
| Mural | Yard |

Printed: The Printed hardware type specifically refers to sign copy that is printed onto a permanent awning.

| Awning | Roof |
| :---: | :---: |
| Blade | Sidewalk |
| Hanging | Suspended |
| Marquee | Wall |
| Monument | Window |
| Mural | Yard |

Programmable: A sign utilizing the Programmable hardware type has changeable copy area; either electronic (called CEVM in Title 20) or analog (track letter). Signs with changeable copy used in a Sidewalk orientation are not included.

| Awning | Roof |
| :---: | :---: |
| Blade | Sidewalk |
| Hanging | Suspended |
| Marquee | Wall |
| Monument | Window |
| Mural | Yard |

## TABLE 2A: SIGN HARDWARETYPE OVERVIEW (CONT.)*

Sign Style Permitted
Sign Style Not Permitted


Projected: A sign utilizing the Projected hardware type consists of copy that projects from the flat surface to which it is affixed. Unlike a Plaque hardware type, the copy elements of a sign using the Projected hardware type may be affixed directly to a face, and may project to a greater degree.

| Awning | Roof |
| :---: | :---: |
| Blade | Sidewalk |
| Hanging | Suspended |
| Marquee | Wall |
| Monument | Window |
| Mural | Yard |



Stake: A sign planted in a front yard that is placed for a limited amount of time. Signs utilizing the Stake hardware type are portable, freestanding, and impermanent by design. This hardware type may only be utilized for Temporary signs.

| Awning | Roof |
| :---: | :---: |
| Blade | Sidewalk |
| Hanging | Suspended |
| Marquee | Wall |
| Monument | Window |
| Mural | Yard |



Standing: A sign utilizing the Standing hardware type may be placed on a sidewalk to show, for example, a restaurant menu, daily specials or sales, or special event notifications, to pedestrians. Signs utilizing the Standing hardware type are portable and freestanding.

Alternative: Signs utilizing an Alternative hardware type do not conform to any of the hardware types defined in this module, but nevertheless meet the design standards and intent of the SmartCode, as regulated by section 21.50.120.080.

| Awning | Roof |
| :---: | :---: |
| Blade | Sidewalk |
| Hanging | Suspended |
| Marquee | Wall |
| Monument | Window |
| Mural | Yard |


| HARDWARE TYPE | PERMITTED MATERIALS |
| :---: | :---: |
| Banner | Vinyl |
| Cabinet | Any combination of wood, metal, acrylic or plastic |
| Painted | If applied to exterior, any paint designed for exterior applications |
| Plaque | Any combination of wood, metal, stone, acrylic or plastic |
| Printed | N/A |
| Programmable | Any combination of wood, metal, stone, acrylic or plastic |
| Projected | Any combination of wood, metal, stone, acrylic or plastic |
| Stake | Wood, metal, acrylic, plastic or vinyl |
| Standing | Wood, metal, plastic or hardboard |
| Alternative | N/A |


| SIGN ILLUMINATION STANDARDS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HARDWARE TYPE | HALO LIGHTING | EXTERNAL | INDIVIDUAL BULB | NEON TUBE | ALTERNATIVE |
| Banner | X | $\times$ | X | X | X |
| Cabinet | 0 | 0 | X | X | X |
| Painted | X | 0 | X | X | X |
| Plaque | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Printed | X | 0 | X | X | X |
| Programmable | X | 0 | X | X | 0 |
| Projected | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Stake | X | X | X | X | X |
| Standing | X | X | X | X | X |
| Alternative | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| O = Permitted |  |  |  |  |  |

## TABLE 2C:ILLUMINATIONTYPES OVERVIEW*



Halo Lighting: Opaque sign copy can be illuminated by diffuse light from sources mounted behind copy, creating a 'halo' effect around the copy elements. Light sources should not be visible from the public right-of-way.


External: Signage can be illuminated with spotlights aimed upward at copy, or hooded lamps that shine downward upon it. Each light source is fully indepedent of the sign itself.


Individual Exposed Bulb: Individual exposed bulbs can be used to highlight particular elements of sign copy, or to animate a sign to make it more eye-catching. Individual bulbs may project from a flat sign or be embedded within a Projected sign, but the light source is always visible from the public right-of-way.


Neon Tube: Sculpted neon tubes can be used to highlight particular elements of sign copy, or to animate a sign to make it more eye-catching. The light source should always be visible from the public right-of-way.


Alternative: Upon submittal of an Alternative sign style proposal, an applicant may propose the use of another illumination method not listed in the module.

Sign Hardware Permitted
Sign Hardware Not Permitted


Awning: This orientation type includes signs placed atop or upon an awning, canopy, or sidewalk arcade above a storefront. Signage can be printed directly onto a fabric awning, or, if the awning is of a rigid construction, may be mounted upon it.

| Banner | Programmable |
| :--- | :---: |
| Cabinet | Projected |
| Painted | Stake |
| Plaque | Standing |
| Printed | Alternative |
| GROUND LEVEL | UPPER LEVEL |

Blade: Signs utilizing the Blade orientation type are mounted perpendicular to, and are fully supported by, a building face.

| Banner | Programmable |
| :--- | :---: |
| Cabinet | Projected |
| Painted | Stake |
| Plaque | Standing |
| Printed | Alternative |
|  |  |
| GROUND LEVEL | UPPER LEVEL |



Hanging: Signs utilizing the Hanging orientation type are fastened to and hang below any permanent eave, roof, awning, or bracket.

| Banner | Programmable |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cabinet | Projected |
| Painted | Stake |
| Plaque | Standing |
| Printed | Alternative |
| GROUND LEVEL | UPPER LEVEL |



Marquee: This orientation type is applicable to signs that are mounted upon a marquee; a cantilevered roof-like structure that hangs over the building entrance and has a face parallel to the building face. Signs utilizing this orientation typically adorn performing arts venues.

| Banner | Programmable |
| :--- | :---: |
| Cabinet | Projected |
| Painted | Stake |
| Plaque | Standing |
| Printed | Alternative |
|  |  |
| GROUND LEVEL | UPPER LEVEL |

Monument: This orientation type is applicable to freestanding signs that sit on a wall or pedestal in front of a building. A sign utilizing this orientation type may be used as a directory for multiple businesses, or just one.

| Banner | Programmable |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cabinet | Projected |
| Painted | Stake |
| Plaque | Standing |
| Printed | Alternative |

GROUND LEVEL UPPER LEVEL


Mural: This orientation type is applicable to advertising that is painted directly onto a building face, typically along a side street or alley. Any sign copy painted onto a wall is classified as a Mural sign.


Sign Hardware Permitted
Sign Hardware Not Permitted


Roof: A sign utilizing the Roof orientation type is erected upon, over, or above a roof.

| Banner | Programmable |
| :--- | :---: |
| Cabinet | Projected |
| Painted | Stake |
| Plaque | Standing |
| Printed | Alternative |
| GROUND LEVEL |  |



Sidewalk: This orientation type includes any portable sign placed on sidewalks or medians. They are typically used to advertise daily specials or otherwise entice pedestrians to patronize a business.

| Banner | Programmable |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cabinet | Projected |
| Painted | Stake |
| Plaque | Standing |
| Printed | Alternative |
| GROUND LEVEL | UPPER LEVEL |



Suspended: A sign utilizing this orientation type is suspended above a driveway, entrance, or the sidewalk, and is fastened to a building, pole, or other permanent feature on both ends.

| Banner | Programmable |
| :--- | :---: |
| Cabinet | Projected |
| Painted | Stake |
| Plaque | Standing |
| Printed | Alternative |
| GROUND LEVEL | UPPER LEVEL |



Wall: This orientation type includes signs that are permanently affixed against a building face. Signage affixed to masonry walls, fences or gates, and individual cut letters affixed directly to a building face utilize the Wall orientation type.

| Banner | Programmable |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cabinet | Projected |
| Painted | Stake |
| Plaque | Standing |
| Printed | Alternative |
| GROUND LEVEL | UPPER LEVEL |



Window: Signs utilizing the Window orientation type consist of copy that is painted onto a window face, or sign hardware that is displayed through the window from inside the storefront.

| Banner | Programmable |
| :--- | :---: |
| Cabinet | Projected |
| Painted | Stake |
| Plaque | Standing |
| Printed | Alternative |
| GROUND LEVEL | UPPER LEVEL |



Yard: This orientation type applies to freestanding signs that sit in the front yard of a business, typically in a residential type building. The Yard orientation type is distinct from the Monument orientation type in that its copy area is raised off of the ground and supported with posts or poles.

| Banner | Programmable |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cabinet | Projected |
| Painted | Stake |
| Plaque | Standing |
| Printed | Alternative |
| GROUND LEVEL | UPPER LEVEL |

## TABLE 2E: SPECIFIC SIGN ORIENTATION TYPE STANDARDS - AWNING*



## AWNING

This orientation type includes sign hardware placed atop or upon an awning, canopy, or sidewalk arcade above a storefront. Sign copy can be printed or painted directly onto an awning, or, if the awning is of a rigid construction, sign hardware may be mounted upon it.

## SIGN FREQUENCY

## One per frontage

## LOCATION RESTRICTIONS

An Awning sign shall not obscure more than $20 \%$ of the total area of the second floor windows

## DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

Sign Area: No more than $75 \%$ of the surface of the awning face (A)

## OTHER RESTRICTIONS

Arcades, awnings, canopies and galleries shall comply with the standards described in
Title 15

HARDWARE
Banner
Cabinet
Painted
Plaque
Printed
Programmable
Projected
Standing
Stake
Alternative

Backlighting
External Individual Bulb

Neon Tube
Alternative

## TABLE 2F: SPECIFIC SIGN ORIENTATION TYPE STANDARDS - BLADE*



## BLADE

Signs utilizing the Blade orientation type are mounted perpendicular to, and are fully supported by, a building face.

## SIGN FREQUENCY

One sign with a maximum of two faces per storefront

## LOCATION RESTRICTIONS

Minimum sidewalk clearance of 8 feet (A) / 16 feet over driveways
Signs with vertically oriented copy shall not project more than 5 feet from building face (B)
Signs with horizontally oriented copy shall not project more than 6 feet from building face ©
Signs shall not extend above the roofline of the associated building

## DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

Sign Area: $\quad$ No more than 8 square feet per every 10 lineal feet of associated frontage (D)
Height: $\quad$ No more than $40 \%$ the height of associated building (코), except signs above a marquee, then no more than $60 \%$ the height of associated building

## OTHER RESTRICTIONS

Signs encroaching into the public right-of-way shall be subject to the special privilege license and permit requirements of Title 15

HARDWARE
Banner
Cabinet
Painted
Plaque
Printed
Programmable
Projected
Standing
Stake
Alternative
ILLUMINATION
Backlighting
External Individual Bulb

Neon Tube
Alternative

## TABLE 2G: SPECIFIC SIGN ORIENTATIONTYPE STANDARDS - HANGING*



HANGING
Signs utilizing the Hanging orientation type are fastened to and hang below any permanent eave, roof, awning, or bracket.

## SIGN FREQUENCY

One sign with a maximum of two faces per business entrance

## LOCATION RESTRICTIONS

Minimum sidewalk clearance of 8 feet (A)
Minimum sidewalk clearance of 16 feet over driveways or alleys
DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS
Height: $\quad$ Maximum 5 feet (B)
Width: $\quad$ No more than $80 \%$ the width of the associated permanent eave, roof, awning, or bracket ©

## OTHER RESTRICTIONS

Signs with Cabinet hardware shall have sign copy on no more than two faces
All sign copy shall be oriented perpendicular to the building face
Not permitted on upper floors
Arcades, awnings, canopies and galleries shall comply with the standards described in
Title 15

HARDWARE
Banner
Cabinet
Painted
Plaque
Printed
Programmable
Projected
Standing
Stake
Alternative
ILLUMINATION
Backlighting
External

Alternative

## TABLE 2H: SPECIFIC SIGN ORIENTATION TYPE STANDARDS - MARQUEE*



MARQUEE
This orientation type is applicable to signs that are mounted upon a marquee; a cantilevered roof-like structure that hangs over the building entrance and has a face parallel to the building face. Signs utilizing this orientation typically adorn performing arts venues.

## SIGN FREQUENCY

Maximum 3 per marquee, and one per face

## LOCATION RESTRICTIONS

Signs shall be mounted atop or upon a marquee
Signs shall not extend above the roofline of the associated building

## DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

Sign Area: No more than 3/4 the area of the marquee per sign © ${ }^{(4)}$

## OTHER RESTRICTIONS

Signs encroaching into the public right-of-way shall be subject to the special privilege license and permit requirements of Title 15

HARDWARE
Banner
Cabinet
Painted
Plaque
Printed
Programmable
Projected
Standing
Stake
Alternative
ILLUMINATION
Backlighting
External Individual Bulb

Neon Tube
Alternative

## TABLE 2): SPECIFIC SIGN ORIENTATIONTYPE STANDARDS - MONUMENT*



## MONUMENT

This orientation type is applicable to freestanding sign hardware that sits on a wall or pedestal in front of a building. A sign utilizing this orientation type may be used as a directory for multiple businesses, or just one.

## SIGN FREQUENCY

One sign with a maximum of four faces per building

## LOCATION RESTRICTIONS

Permitted within landscaped areas only
DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS
Sign Area: $\quad$ No more than 48 square feet (A)
Height: $\quad 6$ feet maximum (B)

## OTHER RESTRICTIONS

The area of a sign shall be calculated to exclude the base of the structure on which the sign is mounted or within which the sign is integrated.

HARDWARE
Banner
Cabinet
Painted
Plaque
Printed
Programmable
Projected
Standing
Stake
Alternative
ILLUMINATION
Backlighting
External
Individual Bulb
Neon Tube
Alternative

## TABLE 2K: SPECIFIC SIGN ORIENTATION TYPE STANDARDS - MURAL*



MURAL
This orientation type is appblicable to advertising that is painted directly onto a building face, typically along a side street or alley.

## SIGN FREQUENCY

One per building face
LOCATION RESTRICTIONS
N/A
DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS
Ground Level Signs
Sign Area: No more than 196 square feet.
Upper Level Signs
Sign Area: No more than $10 \%$ of the total area of the associated façade. (A)
OTHER RESTRICTIONS
A Mural sign shall not obscure any fenestration.
Fenestration, if any, shall be excluded from the sign area calculation.

HARDWARE
Banner
Cabinet
Painted
Plaque
Printed
Programmable
Projected
Standing
Stake

Backlighting

Alternative

## TABLE 2M: SPECIFIC SIGN ORIENTATIONTYPE STANDARDS - ROOF*



ROOF
A sign utilizing the Roof orientation type is erected upon, over, or above a roof.

## SIGN FREQUENCY

One sign with a maximum of two faces per building

## LOCATION RESTRICTIONS

Sign copy must be parallel to a public right-of-way adjacent to the building DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

Sign Area (Flat Roof):
Sign Area (Pitched Roof): face
Height:
No more than I/3 the total area of the associated roof A No more than I/3 the total area of the associated roof

No more than 25 feet (B)
OTHER RESTRICTIONS
A Roof oriented sign shall include advertising copy for one business only

Banner
Cabinet
Painted
Plaque
Printed
Programmable
Projected
Stake
Standing
Alternative
ILLUMINATION
Backlighting
External
Individual Bulb
Neon Tube
Alternative

## TABLE 2N: SPECIFIC SIGN ORIENTATIONTYPE STANDARDS - SIDEWALK*



SIDEWALK
This orientation type includes any portable sign placed on sidewalks or medians and are intended to attract passers-by to a particular business.

## SIGN FREQUENCY

One sign with a maximum of two faces per storefront

## LOCATION RESTRICTIONS

A minimum area of 5 feet of any City sidewalk with no more than a $2 \%$ cross-slope and a $5 \%$ running slope shall remain unobstructed for pedestrian access at all times.
A sign may be placed on that portion of the public right-of-way directly abutting the associated storefront exclusively

## DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

Sign Area: $\quad$ No more than 12 square feet (A)
Height: $\quad$ No more than 4 feet as measured from the ground (B)
Width: $\quad$ No more than 4 feet ©

## OTHER STANDARDS

Signs placed on the public right-of-way shall not require a special privilege license or permit if they comply with the criteria described in Title 15

## HARDWARE

Banner
Cabinet
Painted
Plaque
Printed
Programmable
Projected
Stake
Standing
Alternative
ILLUMINATION


## TABLE 2P: SPECIFIC SIGN ORIENTATIONTYPE STANDARDS - SUSPENDED*



## SUSPENDED

A sign utilizing this orientation type is suspended above a driveway, entrance, or a pedestrian pathway and is fastened to a building, pole, or other permanent feature on both ends.

## SIGN FREQUENCY

One sign with a maximum of two faces per business

## LOCATION RESTRICTIONS

Minimum sidewalk clearance of 8 feet / 16 feet over driveways
Shall not obscure more than $20 \%$ of the total area of windows of the associated business

## DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

Sign Area: $\quad$ No more than 48 square feet (A)
Height: $\quad$ No more than 3 feet (B)
Width: $\quad$ No more than $2 / 3$ the lineal width of the associated storefront, OR, No more than $3 / 4$ the lineal width of the associated storefront when centered above an entrance ( ) OR,
No more than the width of the pavement when centered above a driveway or pedestrian pathway

## OTHER RESTRICTIONS

Sign may be suspended above driveway or pedestrian pathway
Signs encroaching into the public right-of-way shall be subject to the special privilege license and permit requirements of Title I5

## HARDWARE

## Banner

Cabinet
Painted
Plaque
Printed
Programmable
Projected
Stake
Standing

## Alternative <br> ILLUMINATION

Backlighting
External
Individual Bulb
Neon Tube
Alternative

## TABLE 2Q: SPECIFIC SIGN ORIENTATIONTYPE STANDARDS - WALL*



## WALL

This orientation type includes signs that are permanently affixed against a building or other face. Signage affixed to masonry walls, fences or gates, and individual cut letters affixed directly to a building face all utilize the Wall orientation type.

## SIGN FREQUENCY

## N/A

## LOCATION RESTRICTIONS

N/A

## DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

## Ground Level Signs

Sign Area: $\quad$ No more than 48 square feet (A)
Height: $\quad$ No more than 6 feet, OR, no more than 8 feet when centered above an entrance (B)
Width: $\quad$ No more than $2 / 3$ the lineal width of the associated storefront, OR, No more than $3 / 4$ the lineal width of the associated storefront when centered above an entrance (C)

## Upper Level Signs

Sign Area: No more than $10 \%$ of the total area of the associated façade.

## OTHER RESTRICTIONS

For properties with zero-lot lines, signs that are flush mounted on a façade and that project less than 18 inches, and meet the other standards described herein, are exempt from special privilege license and permit requirements, as per Title 15

## HARDWARE

Banner
Cabinet
Painted
Plaque
Printed
Programmable
Projected
Stake
Standing
Alternative
ILLUMINATION
Backlighting
External
Individual Bulb
Neon Tube
Alternative

## TABLE 2R:SPECIFIC SIGN ORIENTATIONTYPE STANDARDS -WINDOW*



## WINDOW

Signs utilizing the Window orientation type consist of copy that is painted onto a window face, or sign hardware that is displayed through the window from inside the storefront.

## SIGN FREQUENCY

N/A

## LOCATION RESTRICTIONS

Readable text on signs shall be placed 5.5 feet above the ground or higher.

## DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

Ground Level Signs
Sign Area: The sum area of allWindow signs shall be less than $25 \%$ of the sum surface area of all window faces of the associated storefront ©
Upper Level Signs
Sign Area: The sum area of allWindow signs shall be less than $50 \%$ of the sum surface area of all window faces of the associated building face

OTHER RESTRICTIONS
Signs on paper or cardboard are prohibited

HARDWARE
Banner
Cabinet
Painted
Plaque
Printed
Programmable
Projected
Stake
Standing
Alternative
ILLUMINATION
Backlighting
External
Individual Bulb
Neon Tube
Alternative

## TABLE 2S: SPECIFIC SIGN ORIENTATION TYPE STANDARDS -YARD*


$\qquad$
YARD
This orientation type applies to freestanding signs that sit in the front yard of a business, typically in a residential type building. The Yard orientation type is distinct from the Monument orientation type in that its copy area is raised off of the ground and supported with posts or poles.

## SIGN FREQUENCY

One sign with a maximum of two faces per building

## LOCATION RESTRICTIONS

Permitted in the First Layer exclusively
Signs shall not be located within a public right-of-way
Signs shall be mounted parallel or perpendicular to the right-of-way

## DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

Sign Area: 24 square feet maximum (A)
Height: $\quad 6$ feet maximum (B)
Width: 6 feet maximum ©
OTHER RESTRICTIONS
The height of any Yard sign shall be measured from the base of the sign's supportive structure at its point of attachment to the ground, to the highest point of the sign structure.

## HARDWARE

Banner
Cabinet
Painted
Plaque
Printed
Programmable
Projected
Stake
Standing
Alternative

## ILLUMINATION

Backlighting
External Individual Bulb

Neon Tube
Alternative

